

**AUTOMATED TABLE INSTALLER**  
**FOR MULTIPLE HETEROGENOUS DATABASES**

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

5    **Field of the Invention:**

The present invention is generally directed to database systems. More particularly to a method, system and computer program product for maintaining a database in synchronism with software programs which support the database in relation to an upgrade or installation process.

10    **Description of the Prior Art:**

Software applications often support a number of heterogeneous databases. Generally, there exists a distinct set of scripts within a software application for each database supported by the software application to provide data to, and retrieve data from, tables of each database. New versions of the software 15 application are required to support and enable the upgrade of the tables in each database.

Typically, new versions of software applications are developed with additional computer program code so that users of previous versions may upgrade the tables in their database. Similarly, the addition of tables and the like to

databases supported by a software application requires modification to the scripts for each database that provide data to, and retrieve data from the tables. These procedures are time consuming. Additionally, developers are required to be familiar with all the databases that are supported by a software application.

5 Furthermore, since the scripts are manually created, they tend to include errors that result in the database and software becoming out of sync with one another.

There is a need for a new method of maintaining databases in synchronism with software programs which support the databases in relation to an upgrade or installation process. There is a need for a new method of upgrading tables in a

10 database to operate with a new version of a software application. There is also a need for a new method of updating scripts to support a schema for a database. There is a further need for a new method of efficiently synchronizing software programs and databases in relation to upgrades. There is a need for a new method of reducing potential synchronization errors when synchronizing software

15 programs and databases in relation to upgrades that reduces. There is a need for a system for maintaining databases in synchronism with software programs which support the databases in relation to an upgrade or installation process. There is a need for a computer program product for maintaining databases in synchronism with software programs which support the databases in relation to an upgrade or

20 installation process.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to embodiments of present invention, a method, a system and a computer program product for maintaining databases in synchronism with software programs which support the databases in relation to an upgrade or installation process are provided. A software installer provides a database-independent technique of representing the schema of database systems that are supported by software applications. The schema is depicted as a database representation table and stored in a configuration file. The installer determines if a schema implemented by a particular database system matches a schema employable by the particular database system as depicted by the database representation table in the configuration file. If the schema implemented by the particular database system does not match the schema employable by the particular database system, the installer performs the necessary operations to configure the schema implemented by the particular database system in accordance with the schema employable by the particular database system as depicted by the database representation table. This technique enables installations and upgrades of software applications to be performed without having to write code to update the schema for each database that is to be supported. It also allows scripts that are specific to any particular table column to be updated.

A method of maintaining databases in synchronism with software applications which support the databases in relation to installations includes obtaining a table schema employable by a database supported by a version of a software application. The method further includes synchronizing the table schema 5 implemented by the database to conform with the table schema employable by the database. The synchronizing is in association with an installation of the version of the software application.

In an embodiment of the present invention, the method includes storing the table schema employable by the database in a configuration file. The file is 10 provided in a markup language including database representation table data associated with the version of the software application.

In an embodiment of the present invention, the method includes determining that the table schema employable by the database conflicts with a table schema implemented by the database. Determining that the table schema employable by the 15 database conflicts with the table schema implemented by the database includes reading the configuration file, examining the table schema implemented by the database, identifying schema data in the table schema employable by the database required in the table schema implemented by the database and adding the schema data to the schema implemented by the database. The method further includes 20 performing an update installation of the software application.

In an embodiment of the present invention, synchronizing the table schema implemented by the database to conform with the table schema employable by the database includes creating schema data in the table schema implemented by the database according to the schema employable by the database. The method includes

5 performing an initial installation of the software application.

A system for maintaining databases in synchronism with software applications which support the databases in relation to installations includes a first interface operable to obtain a table schema employable by a database supported by a version of a software application and a script maker operable to synchronize the

10 table schema implemented by the database to conform with the table schema employable by the database. The synchronizing is in association with an installation of the version of the software application.

A computer program product for maintaining databases in synchronism with software applications which support the databases in relation to installations

15 includes a computer readable medium and computer program instructions, recorded on the computer readable medium, executable by a processor. The computer program instruction perform the steps of obtaining a table schema employable by a database supported by a version of a software application and synchronizing the table schema implemented by the database to conform with the

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table schema employable by the database. The synchronizing is in association with an installation of the version of the software application.

#### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

5 Fig. 1 depicts a functional block diagram of a framework in which the present invention can find application;

Fig. 2 depicts a functional block diagram of a user system depicted in Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 depicts a functional block diagram of a system depicted in Fig 1;

Fig. 4 depicts a functional block diagram of a system depicted in Fig. 1;

10 and

Fig. 5 is a flow diagram of the operations performed by the software installer.

#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION**

15 The present invention is now described more fully hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings that show embodiments of the present invention. The present invention, however, may be embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to embodiments set forth herein. Appropriately,

these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete, and will fully convey the scope of the present invention.

According to embodiments of present invention, a method, a system and a computer program product for maintaining databases in synchronism with software programs which support the databases in relation to an upgrade or installation process are provided. A software installer provides a database-independent technique of representing the schema of database systems that are supported by software applications. The schema is depicted as a database representation table and stored in a configuration file. The installer determines if a schema implemented by a particular database system matches a schema employable by the particular database system as depicted by the database representation table in the configuration file. If the schema implemented by the particular database system does not match the schema employable by the particular database system, the installer performs the necessary operations to configure the schema implemented by the particular database system in accordance with the schema employable by the particular database system as depicted by the database representation table. This technique enables installations and upgrades of software applications to be performed without having to write code to update the schema for each database that is to be supported. It also allows scripts that are specific to any particular table column to be updated.

Fig. 1 depicts a functional block diagram of a framework in which the present invention can find application. In the embodiment of Fig. 1, framework 100 may be implemented to maintain databases in synchronism with software programs which support the databases in relation to an upgrade or installation process.

- 5 Framework 100 includes user systems 102 connected to a system 106 employing network 104. Framework 100 may transmit using network 104, any combination of voice, video and/or data between devices. User systems 102 may be any apparatus from which, and to which, any combination of voice video and/or data may be transmitted over a network 104, such as the Internet or an extranet. User systems  
10 102 can include computers, web access devices, workstations, telecommunication devices, and the like. Systems 102 may be used to access system 106 employing network 104.

System 106 couples to system 108 and network 104. System 106 can be any apparatus that provides process management services implemented by suitable class  
15 libraries, such as Java libraries and the functionality to maintain databases in synchronism with software applications which support the databases in relation to an upgrade or installation process. The libraries connect to systems and use resources as necessary. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, system 106 supports a software installer employing a Java Application  
20 Programming Interface (“API”).

The system 108 may be any computer that stores raw data used by the Java API and provides object persistence. The database may connect to system 106 via a suitable interface, such as a Java Database Connectivity Standard (“JDBC”). User systems 102 and system 106 may connect to one another by means of a suitable 5 communications network 104. Network 104 may be a local area network, a wide area network, the Internet, an extranet, a wireless network, or the like. The network 104 may transfer information between user system 102 and system 106. The information transferred may include any combination of voice, video and/or data. Network 104 can be implemented as a wireless network, a wired network, a satellite 10 network, an electromagnetic network, fiber optic network or an infrared network. In addition, system 108 may directly transfer information to system 106 in response to a request for information as well as transfer information to user system 102 in response to a request made to system 106 by user system 102 over network 104.

Fig. 2 is a block diagram illustration of user systems 102. The user systems 15 102 may include CPU 202, connected by a bus 408 or other suitable interface means to system memory 208. The user system 102 can also include input/output device interface, and display interface 204. Input/output device interface 204 enables interaction with and execution of instruction by user system 102 as directed by a user. Display interface can display information generated for output by user 20 system 102 as provided by system 106.

As shown, the various components of the user system 102 communicate through a bus or similar architecture. Accordingly, systems memory 208 is disposed in communication with CPU 202 through bus. Systems memory 208 includes Browser Program 212, operating system 214 and data 216.

5           Operating system 214 provides overall system functionality. Browser Program 212 is computer program instructions executed by CPU 202. The browser program 212 enables the information transmitted from system 106 to be conveyed to users in a manner that can be understood by the users of user system 102. The browser program 212 serves as a front end to the World Wide Web on the  
10 Internet. The browser program 212 may be used to access system 106 to receive mark up language code, such as hypertext markup language ("HTML") and system 108.

Fig. 3 is an exemplary block diagram of system 106 illustrated in Fig. 1, in which the present invention may be implemented. System 106 performs the  
15 function of maintaining databases in synchronism with software programs which support the databases in relation to an upgrade or installation process. In the Fig. 3 embodiment, system 106 is a general purpose computer, such as a workstation, personal computer, server or the like, but may be any apparatus that executes program instructions in accordance with the present invention. System 106 includes

a processor (CPU) 302 connected by a bus 318 to memory 308, network interface 310 and I/O circuitry 304.

In the Fig. 3 embodiment, CPU 302 is a microprocessor, such as an INTEL PENTIUM® or AMD® processor, but may be any processor that executes program 5 instructions in order to carry out the functions of the present invention. As shown, CPU 302 and the various other components of the system 106 communicate through a system bus 318 or similar architecture. Network interface 310 provides an interface between system 106 and a network 104, such as the Internet. The network 104 may be a local area network (LAN), a wide area network (WAN), or 10 combinations thereof. I/O circuitry 304 provides an interface for the input of structured information to and output of structured information from system 106. I/O circuitry 304 includes input devices, such as trackball, mice, touchpads and keyboards, and output devices, such as printers and monitors.

In the Fig. 3 embodiment, memory 308 stores a Java Application Programming 15 Interface (API) 314, operating system 316, data 312, software installer 318, and a script maker 320. During installation or an upgrade process for a software application, the software installer 318 loads a configuration file that describes the table structure maker 320. During installation or an upgrade process for a software application, the software installer 318 loads a configuration file that describes the table structure ("schema") employable by databases supported by the software application in a database-neutral manner. In a preferred embodiment, this configuration file is 20 written in the Extensible Markup Language (XML). XML is preferable since it

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easily allows the schema to be written in a database-neutral manner. However, it should be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that any other markup language could be used, or this schema could be expressed in a table limited text file with name-value pairs, for example. The software installer 318 employs the Java API 5 314 to read the configuration file and generate SQL queries appropriate to the specific database at hand during the installation. The Java API 314 generates interfaces, such as markup language, for use on system 102, as executed by CPU 302. In one implementation of the invention, the Java API 314 may be of the type described in U.S. Application Number 09/573,226, the disclosure of which is 10 incorporated herein by reference. The Java API may be implemented employing virtually any programming language which results in a computer instructions executable by CPU 302, such as Java, C or C++.

A script maker 320 executes and returns an array of SQL statements specific to the database being used and creates a new set of tables from the previously 15 loaded XML configuration. Operating system 316 provides overall system functionality. Data 312 may be any structured data required by system 106.

Fig. 4 is an exemplary block diagram of system 108 illustrated in Fig. 1, in which the present invention may be implemented. System 108 may store raw data used by the Java API and provides object persistence. In the Fig. 4 embodiment, 20 system 108 is a general purpose computer, such as a workstation, personal

computer, server or the like, but may be any computer that executes program instruction in accordance with the present invention. System 108 includes a processor (CPU) 402 connected by a bus 418 to memory 408, network interface 410 and I/O circuitry 404. System 108 may be any one of a MS-SQL Server, a  
5 My-SQL, a Oracle, a Sybase, etc.

In the Fig. 4 embodiment, CPU 402 is a microprocessor, such as an INTEL PENTIUM® or AMD® processor, but may be any processor that executes program instructions in order to carry out the functions of the present invention. As shown, CPU 402 and the various other components of the server 108 communicate through  
10 a system bus 418 or similar architecture. Network interface 410 provides an interface between system 108 and a network 104, such as the Internet. The network 104 may be a local area network (LAN), a wide area network (WAN), or combinations thereof. I/O circuitry provides an interface for the input of structured information to and output of structured information from system 108. I/O circuitry  
15 404 includes input devices, such as trackball, mice, touchpads and keyboards, and output devices, such as printers and monitors.

In the FIG. 4 embodiment, memory 408 stores data 416, such as raw, used by system 100. Memory 408 includes routines, such as database management routines 412, and operating system 414. Memory 408 includes memory devices, such as  
20 read only memory (ROM), random access memory (RAM) hard disks, CD-ROMs,

floppy disks, optical storage devices, magnetic storage devices, etc. Operating system 414 provides overall system functionality, such as management of routines in memory 412. Management routines 412 provide data management functionality.

Fig. 5 is a flow diagram of the operations performed by the software installer 5 318 employing API 314. The API 314 first implements a connection class (500). This class is a wrapper implementation, which allows for exceptions to be generated if any unsupported operation is invoked. The connection class creates an SQL Java Interface. The SQL Java interface is used to retrieve information about a database, such as the driver employed, user information and all of the settings for the database 10 (502). The settings may be displayed to the user (504) so all settings can be verified before a new or upgrade installation takes place (506). The SQL Java interface also reads the table schema and table names from the database, and lists all the tables in the schema that exist in the database (508). The SQL Java interface then calls a table creation class (510).

15 The table creation class implements an Adapter Connection interface, which calls a connection manager that retrieves the appropriate database adapter associated with the database and loads an appropriate driver (512), such as a JDBC driver. Then the Adapter Connection interface makes a SQL connection to the database via the driver (514). If a connection cannot be made then the user is 20 presented with an error message (516). If the connection is made, the Adapter

Connection interface reads a configuration file created by the software installer to obtain the schema for each of the supported databases (518). The Adapter Connection interface then checks to see if there are any tables already existent in the database (520). In the event that the tables already exist in the database, an exception is generated to let the user know that the wrong database has been selected as the implemented database.

If a new installation is taking place, a script maker 320 executes (524) and returns an array of SQL statements specific to the database and creates tables in accordance with the schema in the configuration file for the database. If, however, an upgrade of a software program is being installed, the software installer 318 initiates an abstract class, which implements a difference algorithm to determine if there are any inconsistencies between the schema implemented by the database system and the schema employable by the database system as depicted in the database representation table file (“configuration file”) (526). The difference algorithm determines what tables and columns are missing from the schema implemented by the database by examining each item from the schema implemented by the database system and the schema employable by the database system as provided in the configuration file. If there are inconsistencies, the installer outputs the exact nature of identified problems (528). Based upon which

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tables and columns are missing from the schema implemented by the database system, a script maker is implemented (530).

The script maker returns a script for creating a schema from scratch. The script maker can return an array of SQL statements, which are suitable for creating all of the necessary tables from scratch via JDBC. The SQL statements are based upon the particular database being used and the information that was located in the XML configuration file previously loaded by the installer. The script maker can also return an SQL statement for adding a column to a table in the case of a missing column or if a column needs to be added to a particular table during an upgrade installation. The script maker also determines if it supports the given column type or auto-increment based upon the given database type.

This procedure allows for easy database installations or upgrades, without having to hand craft scripts for each type of supported database or having to hand craft scripts specific to any particular table column. The installer also allows the user to parse all the database information into an XML file and displays the results, thereby allowing the user to instantly determine if the upgrade or new installation was successful.

The foregoing description of preferred embodiment of the present invention has been presented for purposes of illustration and description. It is not

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intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise form disclosed.

Obviously modifications or variations are possible in light of the above teachings.

The embodiment disclosed herein is chosen and described in order to best illustrate the principles of the invention and its practical application, to thereby enable one of ordinary skill in the art to best utilize the invention in various embodiments and with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated.

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